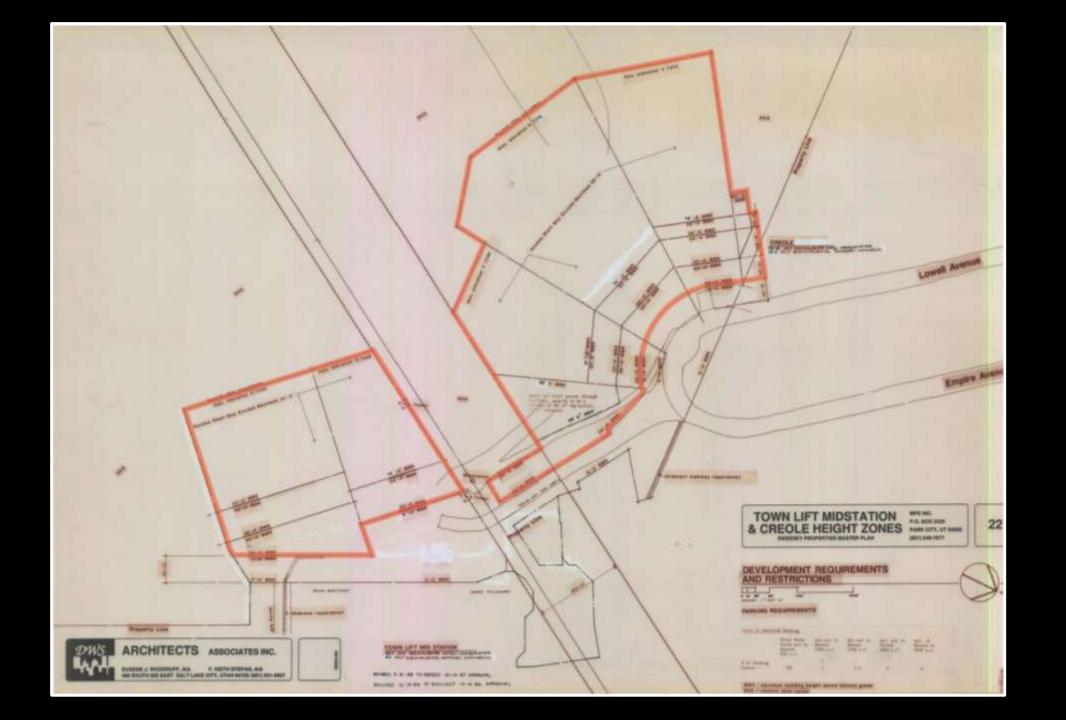


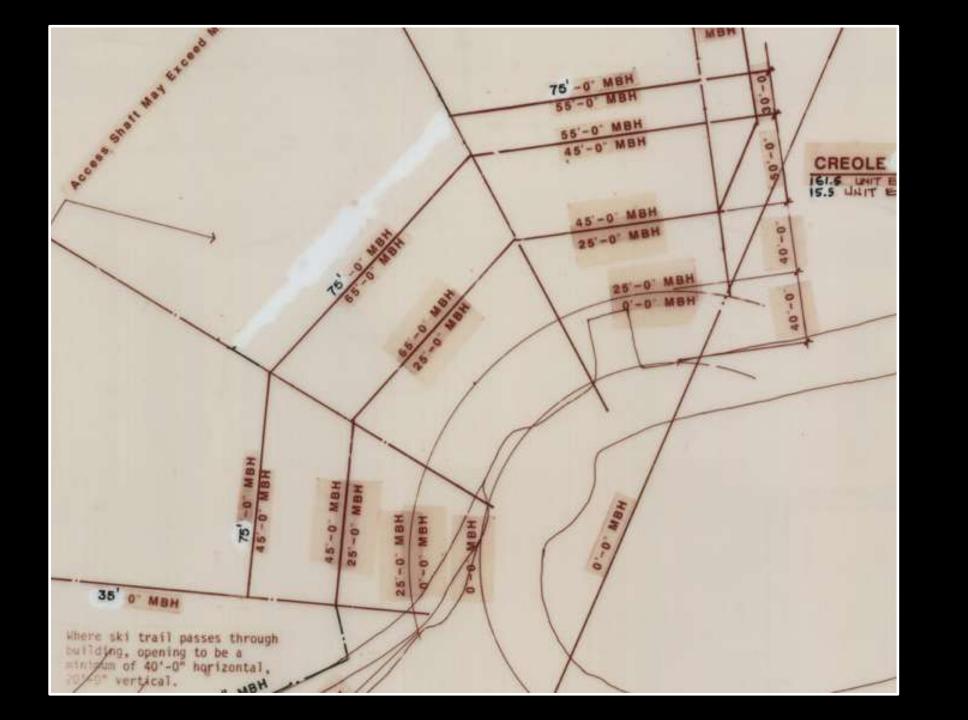
#### **Scope of Approval**

Size and Location of the Site (CUP Condition No. 1)
Including Unit Equivalent and Square Footage Calculations

**Usable Open Space (CUP Condition No. 9)** 

**Comprehensive Master Plan (CUP Standard No. 3)** 





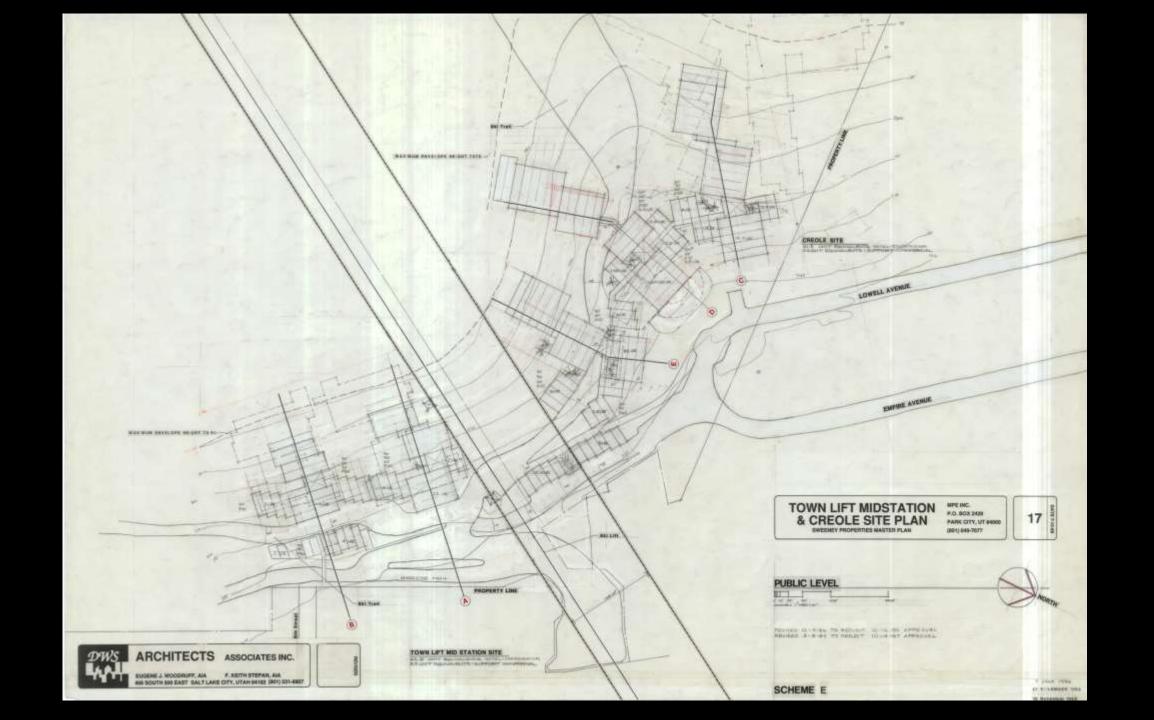
• Practically, what do the MPD imposed limitations mean in the context of the current development of Treasure Hill?

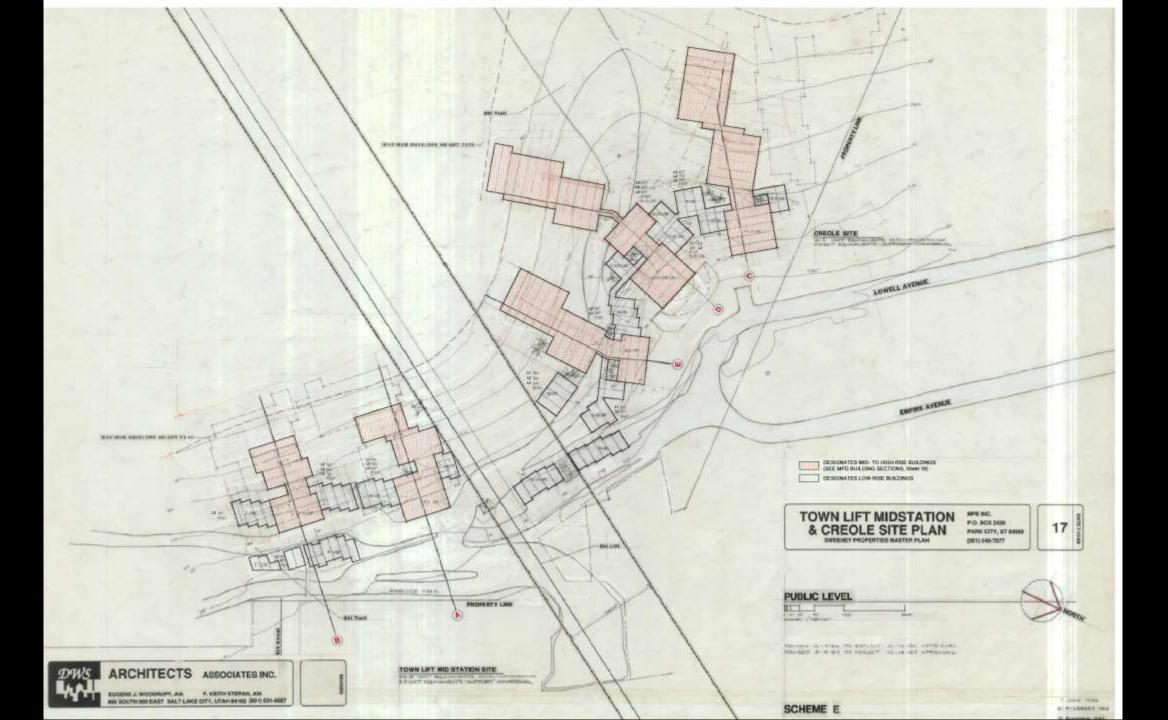
• What do 197 residential and 19 commercial Unit Equivalents vested under the MPD translate to in terms of the size and scale of Treasure Hill?

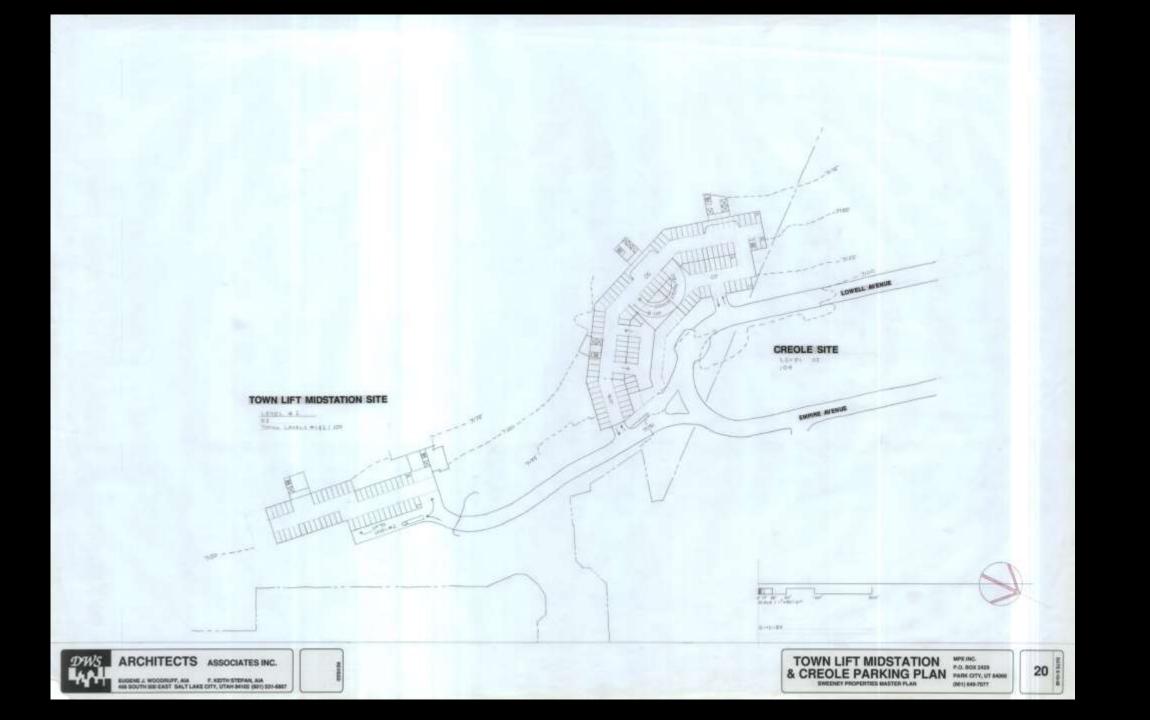
• What did the MPD Approval contemplate in terms of size and scale of the development of Treasure Hill?

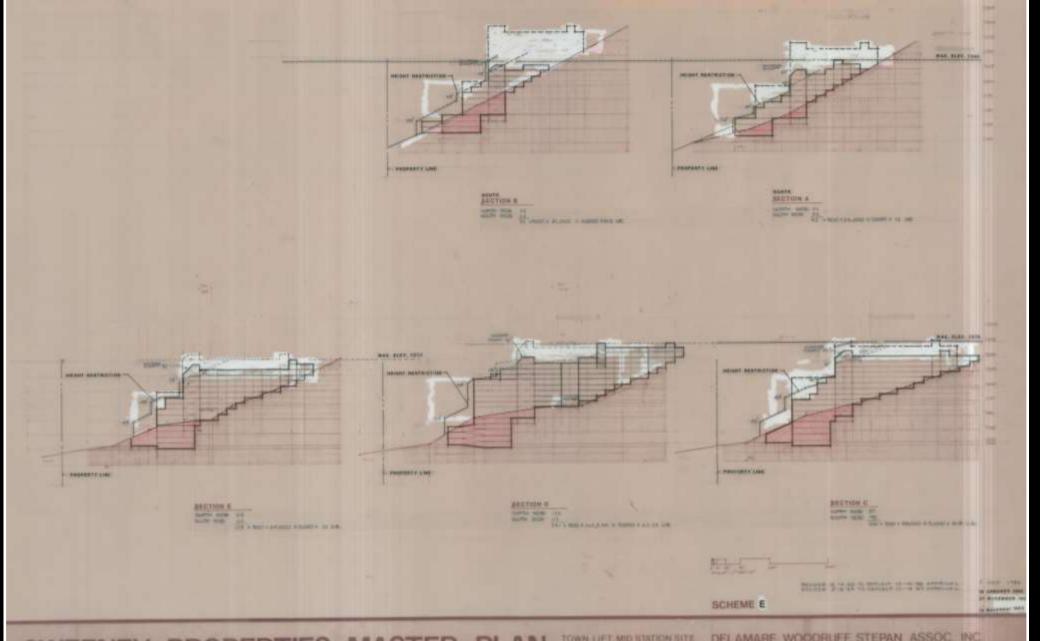
#### Park City Staff Revised Staff Report, December 18, 1985:

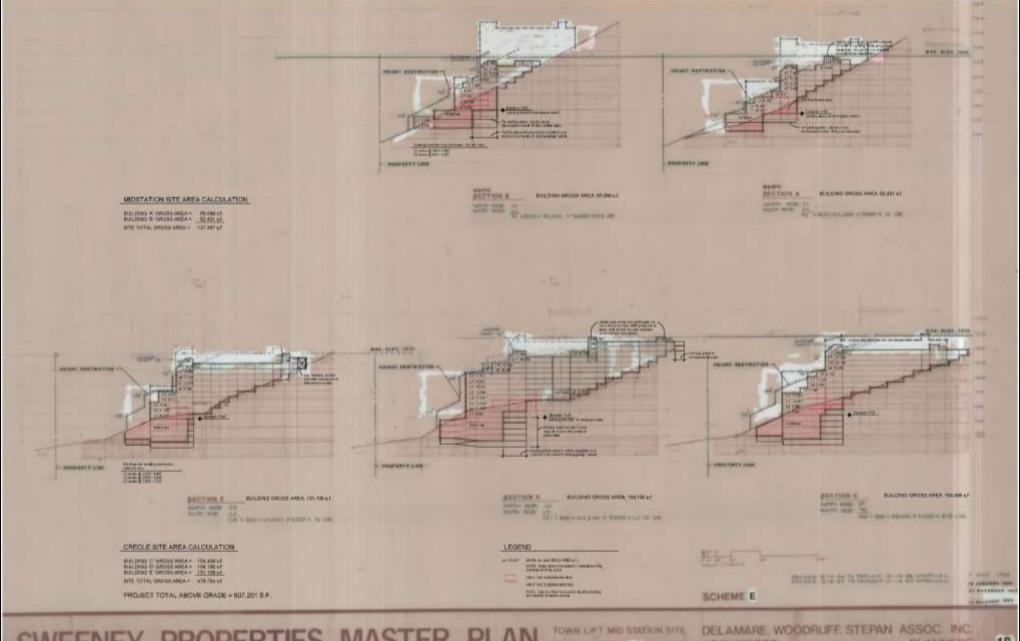
"At the time of conditional use . . . review,
the staff and Planning Commission shall
review projects for compliance with the adopted codes
and ordinances in effect at the time [of the CUP Application]."

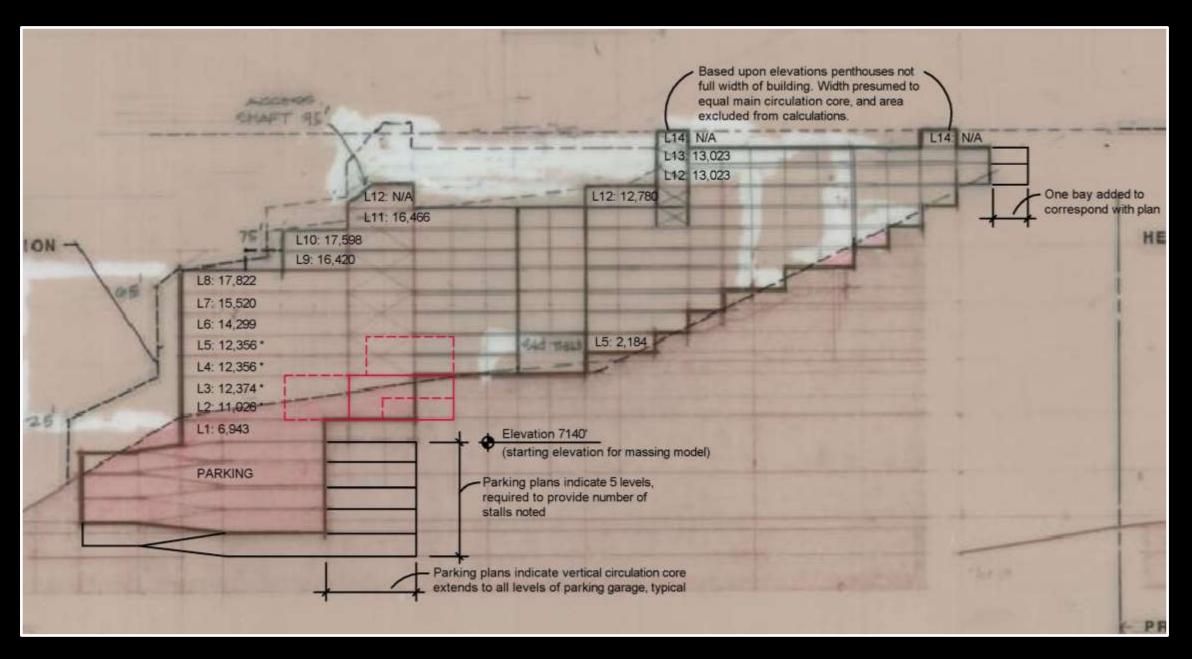












# 2003 Land Management Code Section 15-6-8(C) [Support Commercial]:

"Within a Hotel or Nightly Rental Condominium project, up to five percent (5%) of the total floor Area may be dedicated to support Commercial Uses...without the Use of a Unit Equivalent for commercial space."

### 2003 Land Management Code Section 15-6-8(D) [Meeting Room]:

"Within a Hotel or Condominium project, up to five percent (5%) of the total floor Area may be dedicated to meeting room space without the Use of Unit Equivalents."

"Accessory meeting Uses, such as back of house, administrative Uses, and banquet offices, are Uses normally associated and necessary to serve meeting and banquet space. These accessory meeting Uses do not require the use of Unit Equivalents."

### 2003 Land Management Code Section 15-6-8(F) [Residential Accessory]:

"Residential Accessory Uses include those facilities that are for the benefit of the residents of a commercial Residential Use, such as a Hotel or Nightly Rental Condominium project which are common to the residential project and are not inside the individual unit. Residential Accessory Uses do not require the use of Unit Equivalents."

Examples of permitted residential accessory uses include, but are not limited to, ski/equipment lockers, lobbies, concierge, mechanical rooms, laundry facilities, back-of-house uses, elevators and stairs, and employee facilities.

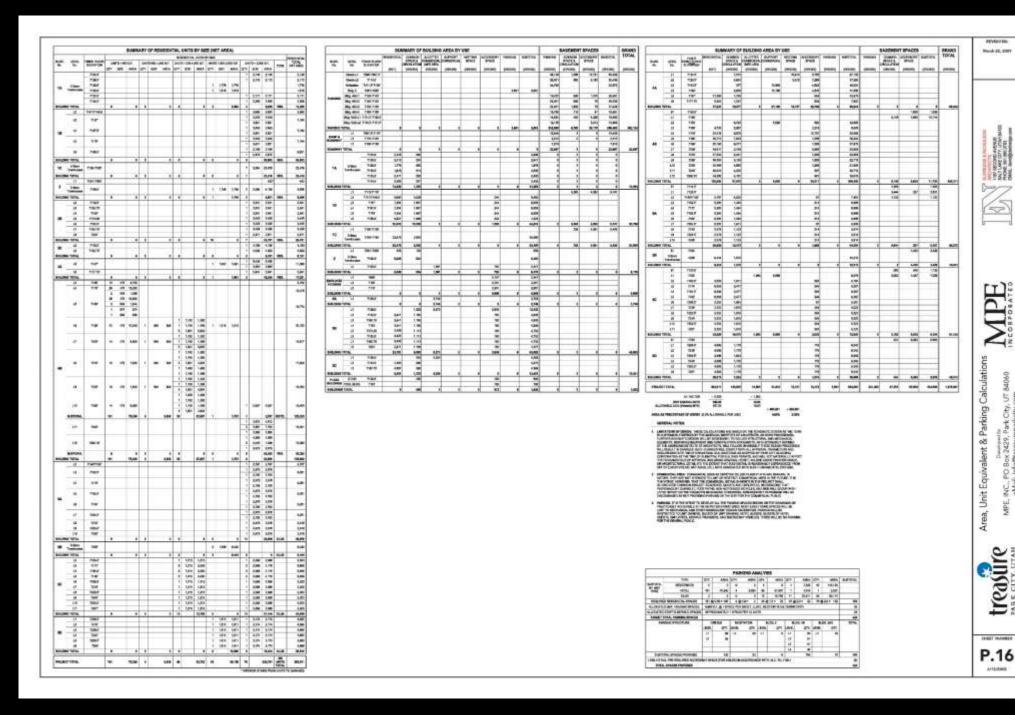
# 2003 Land Management Code Section 15-6-8(G) [Resort Accessory]:

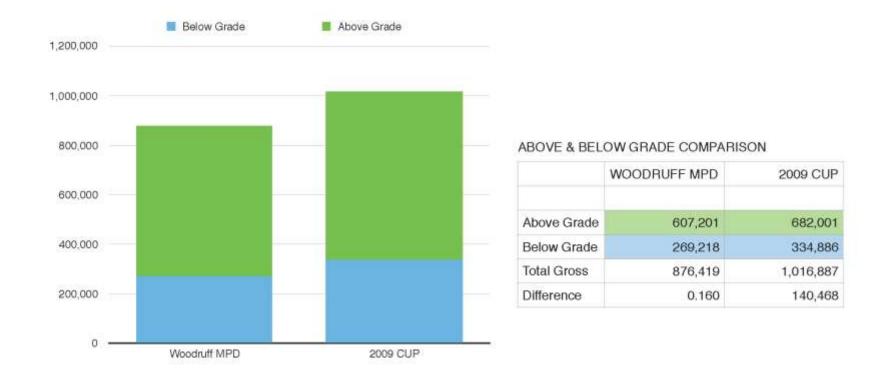
Resort Accessory uses "are considered accessory for the operation of a resort for winter and summer operations. These Uses are incidental to and customarily found in connection with the principal Use or Building and are operated for the convenience of the Owners, occupants, employees, customers, or visitors to the principal resort Use. Accessory Uses associated with an approved summer or winter resort do not require the use of a Unit Equivalent."

Examples of such permitted uses include, without limitation, administration, maintenance and storage, public restrooms, ski school/day care facilities, ticket sales, equipment check, and circulation and hallways."

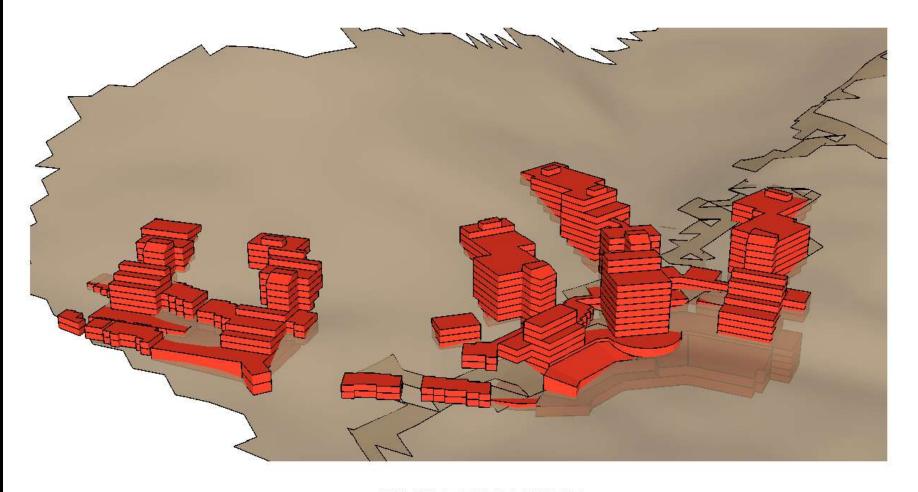




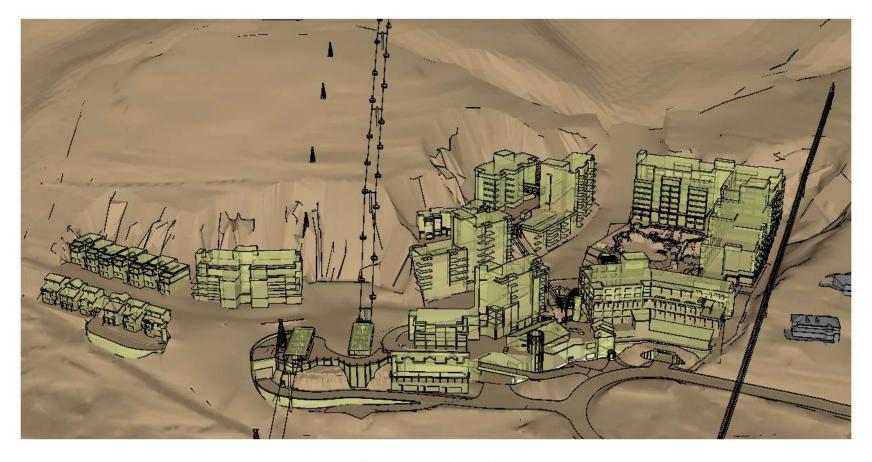




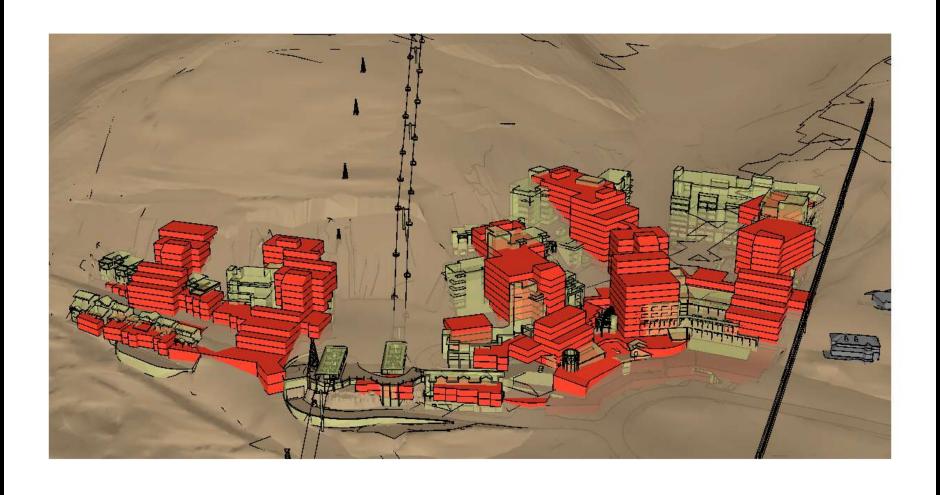
COMPARISON WOODRUFF MPD & 2009 CUP



1986 WOODRUFF CONCEPT



2009 TREASURE CUP



1986 WOODRUFF CONCEPT & 2009 TREASURE CUP

	Below Grade	Above Grade	
Accessory	19,633	32,445	
Support Commercial (5%)		30,360	
Meeting (5%)		30,360	
Employee Housing		6,669	
Resort Accessary		1,918	
SUBTOTAL ADDED	19,633	101,752	
TOTAL ADDED			121,385
TOTAL			997,804

WOODRUFF IF SCHEMATIC DEVELOPMENT UNDER 2003 CODE

Park City Staff Revised Staff Report, December 18, 1985:

"...the City's [General] Plan identifies the Hillside property as a key scenic area and recommends the development be limited to the lower portion of the mountain...the proposed Sweeney properties MPD is in conformance with the land use designations outlined in the Park City [General] Plan."

