

# HISTORIC SITE FORM - HISTORIC SITES INVENTORY

PARK CITY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION (10-08)

## 1 IDENTIFICATION

Name of Property:

Address: 802 NORFOLK AVE

AKA:

City, County: Park City, Summit County, Utah

Tax Number: 802-A

Current Owner Name: L KIRK UTAH LLC

Parent Parcel(s): SA-121-A-133-A

Current Owner Address: 4851 OLD RICHMOND RD, LEXINGTON, KY 40515

Legal Description (include acreage): LOT A 802 NORFOLK AVENUE SUBDIVISION, 0.06 AC

## 2 STATUS/USE

### Property Category

- building(s), main  
 building(s), attached  
 building(s), detached  
 building(s), public  
 building(s), accessory  
 structure(s)

### Evaluation\*

- Landmark Site  
 Significant Site  
 Not Historic

### Reconstruction

- Date:  
Permit #:  
 Full  Partial

### Use

Original Use: Residential  
Current Use: Residential

\*National Register of Historic Places:  ineligible  eligible  
 listed (date: )

## 3 DOCUMENTATION

### Photos: Dates

- tax photo:  
 prints: 2006  
 historic: c.

### Research Sources (check all sources consulted, whether useful or not)

- abstract of title  
 tax card  
 original building permit  
 sewer permit  
 Sanborn Maps  
 obituary index  
 city directories/gazetteers  
 census records  
 biographical encyclopedias  
 newspapers
- city/county histories  
 personal interviews  
 Utah Hist. Research Center  
 USHS Preservation Files  
 USHS Architects File  
 LDS Family History Library  
 Park City Hist. Soc/Museum  
 university library(ies):  
 other:

### Drawings and Plans

- measured floor plans  
 site sketch map  
 Historic American Bldg. Survey  
 original plans:  
 other:

Bibliographical References (books, articles, interviews, etc.) Attach copies of all research notes and materials.

Blaes, Dina & Beatrice Lufkin. "Final Report." Park City Historic Building Inventory. Salt Lake City: 2007.

Carter, Thomas and Goss, Peter. *Utah's Historic Architecture, 1847-1940: a Guide*. Salt Lake City, Utah: University of Utah Graduate School of Architecture and Utah State Historical Society, 1991.

McAlester, Virginia and Lee. *A Field Guide to American Houses*. New York: Alfred A. Knopf, 1998.

Roberts, Allen. "Final Report." Park City Reconnaissance Level Survey. Salt Lake City: 1995.

Roper, Roger & Deborah Randall. "Residences of Mining Boom Era, Park City - Thematic Nomination." National Register of Historic Places Inventory, Nomination Form. 1984.

## 4 ARCHITECTURAL DESCRIPTION & INTEGRITY

Building Type and/or Style: Bungalow type / Prairie School vernacular style No. Stories: 1

Additions:  none  minor  major (describe below) Alterations:  none  minor  major (describe below)

Number of associated outbuildings and/or structures:  accessory building(s), # \_\_\_\_;  structure(s), # \_\_\_\_.

General Condition of Exterior Materials:

Researcher/Organization: Preservation Solutions/Park City Municipal Corporation Date: 12-2008

- Good (Well maintained with no serious problems apparent.)
- Fair (Some problems are apparent. Describe the problems.):
- Poor (Major problems are apparent and constitute an imminent threat. Describe the problems.):
- Uninhabitable/Ruin

**Materials** (The physical elements that were combined or deposited during a particular period of time in a particular pattern or configuration. Describe the materials.):

**Foundation:** The foundation is not visible in the available photographs and therefore neither its material or existence can be verified.

**Walls:** The walls of the house are clad in wooden drop siding.

**Roof:** The hipped roof is sheathed in what appears to be composite shingles. The plain brick chimney set on the slope of the roof near the ridge line as seen in the c. 1940 tax photo is still extant.

**Windows/Doors:** The façade entry door has two panels and a single window opening with smaller lights enclosing a single larger light. Neither the material nor the age of the door cannot be determined from the available 2006 photograph. The façade windows have a large central fixed pane flanked by two vertical panes.

**Essential Historical Form:**  Retains     Does Not Retain, due to:

**Location:**  Original Location     Moved (date \_\_\_\_\_) Original Location:

**Design** (The combination of physical elements that create the form, plan, space, structure, and style. Describe additions and/or alterations from the original design, including dates--known or estimated--when alterations were made): This simple frame bungalow has the typical rectangular footprint and a full-width porch sheltered under the main roof line. Porch roof supports are square with square balusters on the porch railing. Both appear to be wooden. House may have been lifted and turned 90 degrees to face Empire rather than 8th Street., but unable to verify.

**Setting** (The physical environment--natural or manmade--of a historic site. Describe the setting and how it has changed over time.): The front yard was landscaped with lawn, small shrubs and a small pine tree in the 2006 photograph. The entrance is set at street level with a short gravel path leading to the wooden porch floor. The lot appears to slope down from the finished road grade behind the house.

**Workmanship** (The physical evidence of the crafts of a particular culture or people during a given period in history. Describe the distinctive elements.): The distinctive elements that define this as a typical Park City mining era house are the simple methods of construction, the use of non-beveled (drop-novelty) wood siding, the plan type (bungalow), the simple roof form, the informal landscaping, the restrained ornamentation, and the plain finishes.

**Feeling** (Describe the property's historic character.): The physical elements of the site, in combination, convey a sense of life in a western mining town of the late nineteenth and early twentieth centuries.

**Association** (Describe the link between the important historic era or person and the property.): The bungalow was a house type built in Park City during the mining era.

## 5 SIGNIFICANCE

**Architect:**  Not Known     Known: (source: )

**Date of Construction:** c. 1915

**Builder:**  Not Known     Known: (source: )

The site must represent an important part of the history or architecture of the community. A site need only be significant under one of the three areas listed below:

1. Historic Era:

- Settlement & Mining Boom Era (1868-1893)
- Mature Mining Era (1894-1930)
- Mining Decline & Emergence of Recreation Industry (1931-1962)

Park City was the center of one of the top three metal mining districts in the state during Utah's mining boom period of the late nineteenth and early twentieth centuries, and it is one of only two major metal mining communities that have survived to the present. Park City's houses are the largest and best-preserved group of residential buildings in a metal mining town in Utah. As such, they provide the most complete documentation of the residential character of mining towns of that period, including their settlement patterns, building materials, construction techniques, and socio-economic make-up. The residences also represent the state's largest collection of nineteenth and early twentieth century frame houses. They contribute to our understanding of a significant aspect of Park City's economic growth and architectural development as a mining community.<sup>1</sup>

2. **Persons** (Describe how the site is associated with the lives of persons who were of historic importance to the community or those who were significant in the history of the state, region, or nation):

3. **Architecture** (Describe how the site exemplifies noteworthy methods of construction, materials or craftsmanship used during the historic period or is the work of a master craftsman or notable architect):

## 6 PHOTOS

Digital color photographs are on file with the Planning Department, Park City Municipal Corp.

**Photo No. 1:** West elevation (primary façade). Camera facing east, 2006.

**Photo No. 2:** South elevation. Camera facing north, tax photo.

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<sup>1</sup> From "Residences of Mining Boom Era, Park City - Thematic Nomination" written by Roger Roper, 1984.





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pink chalk mark